

GL1 □ 0135 Series Colored Diffusion Mini-mold LED Lamps, Forming Type

■ Model No.

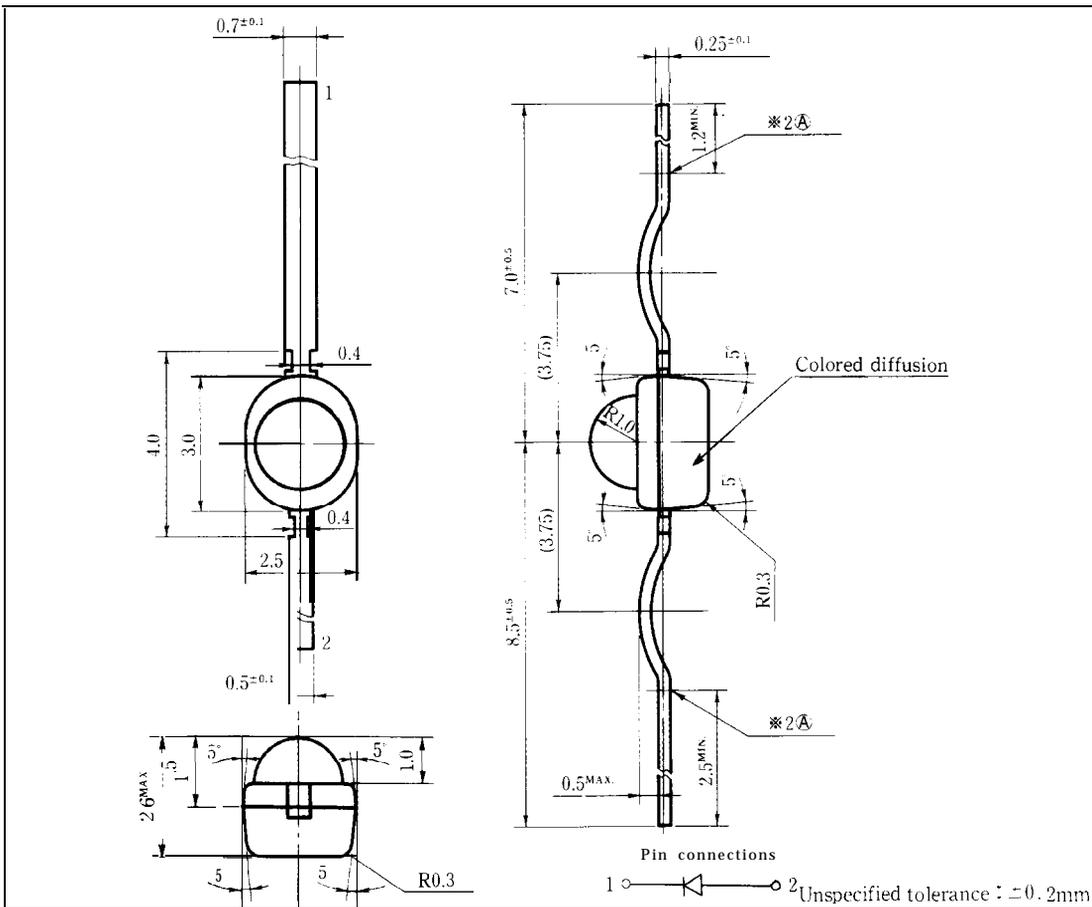
GL1PR135 Red	GaP
GL1HD135 Red	GaAsP/GaP
GL1HS135 Sunset orange	GaAsP/GaP
GL1HY135 YeHow	GaAsP/GaP
GL1EG135 Yellow-green	GaP

■ Features

1. ϕ 2mm all resin mold
2. "R" type forming lead pins
3. Colored diffusion lens type

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit: mm)



3

GL1 □ □ 135

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	GL1PR135	GL1HD135	GL1HY135			Unit	
			GL1HS135	GL1EG135				
Power dissipation	P	23	84	50			mW	
Continuous forward current	I _F	10	30	20			mA	
*1 Peak forward current	I _{FM}	50	50	50			mA	
Derating factor	DC	0.13	0.40	0.26			mA/°C	
	Pulse	0.67	0.67	0.67			mA/°C	
Reverse voltage	V _R	5	5	5			V	
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-25 to +85						°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-25 to +100						°C
*2 Soldering temperature	T _{sol}	260 (within 5 seconds)						°C

*1 Duty ratio = 1/10, Pulse width = 0.1ms

*2 At the (A) position of outline dimensions

GL1PR135 (Red) / GL1HD135 (Red)

■ Electrominical Characteristics

(T_a = 25°C)

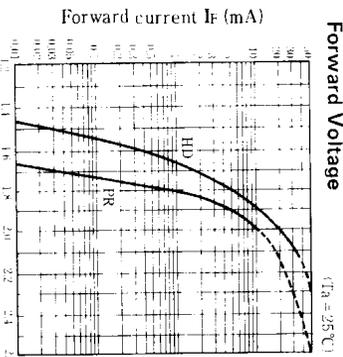
Parameter	Symbol	Model No.	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage	V _F	GL1PR135 GL1HD135	I _F = 20mA I _F = 20mA	—	1.9	2.3	V
*3 Luminous intensity	I _v	GL1PR135 GL1HD135	I _F = 20mA I _F = 20mA	1.0	2.0	—	mcd
Peak emission wavelength	λ _p	GL1PR135 GL1HD135	I _F = 5mA I _F = 20mA	—	695	—	nm
Spectrum radiation bandwidth	Δλ	GL1PR135 GL1HD135	I _F = 5mA I _F = 20mA	—	100	—	nm
Reverse current	I _r	GL1PR135 GL1HD135	V _R = 4V V _R = 4V	—	—	10	μA
Terminal capacitance	C _t	GL1PR135 GL1HD135	V = 0V V = 0V	—	3.0	—	pF
Response frequency	f _c	GL1PR135 GL1HD135	f = 1MHz f = 1MHz	—	4	—	MHz

※3 Tolerance: ±30%

■ Characteristics Diagrams

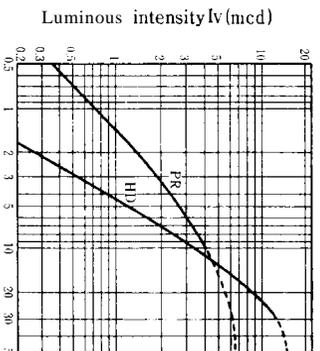
Forward Current vs.

Forward Voltage

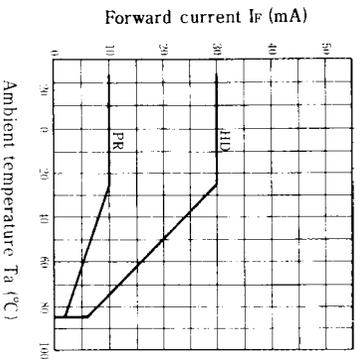


Luminous Intensity vs.

Forward Current

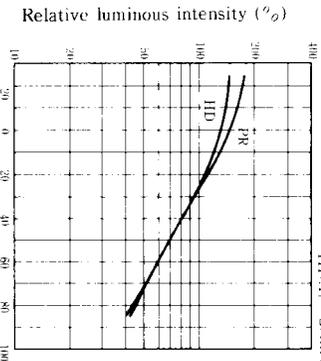
(T_a = 25°C)

Forward Current Derating Curve

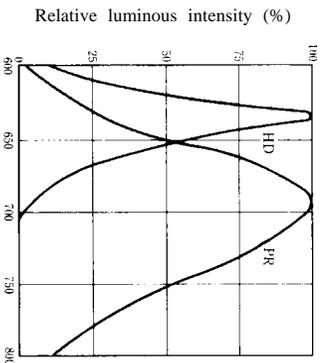


Relative Luminous Intensity vs.

Ambient Temperature

I_F = 20mA
I_{PR} = 20mA

Spectrum Distribution

(T_a = 25°C)

Wavelength λ (nm)

SHARP

Ambient temperature Ta (°C)

GL1HS135 (Sunset orange) / GL1HY135 (Yellow)

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta = 25°C)

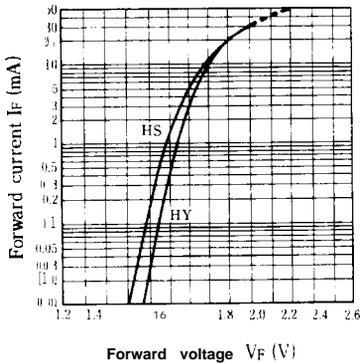
Parameter	Symbol	Model No.	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage	V _F	GL1HS135	I _F = 20mA	—	2.0	2.8	V
		GL1HY135	I _F = 10mA		1.9	2.5	
*3 Luminous intensity	I _v	GL1HS135	I _F = 20mA	4.0	10	—	mcd
		GL1HY135	I _F = 10mA	1.5	4.5	—	
Peak emission wavelength	λ _p	GL1HS135	I _F = 20mA	—	610	—	‘m
		GL1HY135	I _F = 10mA	—	585	—	
Spectrum radiation bandwidth	Δλ	GL1HS135	I _F = 20mA	—	35	—	‘m
		GL1HY135	I _F = 10mA	—	30	—	
Reverse current	I _R	GL1HS135	V _R = 4V	—	—	10	μA
		GL1HY135	V _R = 4V	—	—	10	
Terminal capacitance	C _t	GL1HS135	V = 0V, f = 1 MHz	—	15	—	‘F
		GL1HY135	V = 0V, f = 1 MHz	—	35	—	
Response frequency	f _c	GL1HS135	—	—	4	—	MHz
		GL1HY135	—	—	4	—	

*3 Tolerance: ±30%

■ Characteristics Diagrams

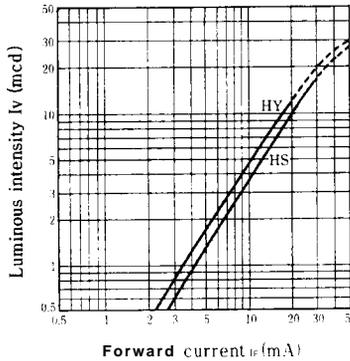
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

(Ta = 25°C)

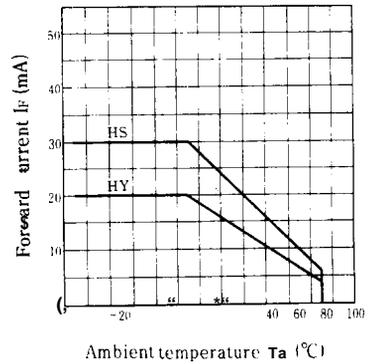


Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

(Ta = 25°C)

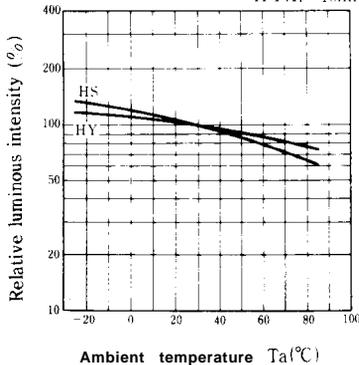


Forward Current Derating Curve



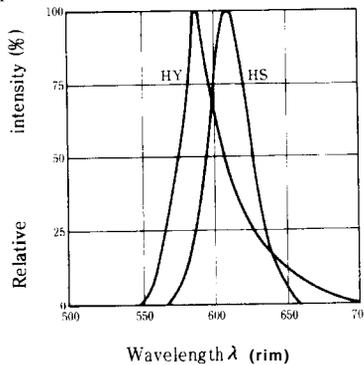
Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

(HS: I_F = 20mA)
(HY: I_F = 10mA)



Spectrum Distribution

(Ta = 25°C)



GL1EG135 (Yellow-green)

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

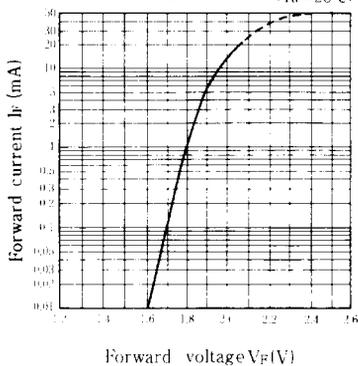
(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Model No.	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage	V_F	GL1EG135	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$	—	1.95	2.5	V
※3 Luminous intensity	I_v	GL1EG135	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$	2,2	4.3	—	mcd
Peak emission wavelength	λ_p	GL1EG135	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$	—	565	—	nm
Spectrum radiation bandwidth	$\Delta \lambda$	GL1EG135	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$	—	30	—	nm
Reverse current	I_R	GL1EG135	$V_R = 4\text{V}$	—	—	10	μA
Terminal capacitance	C_t	GL1EG135	$V = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	—	35	—	pF
Response frequency	f_c	GL1EG135	—	—	4	—	MHz

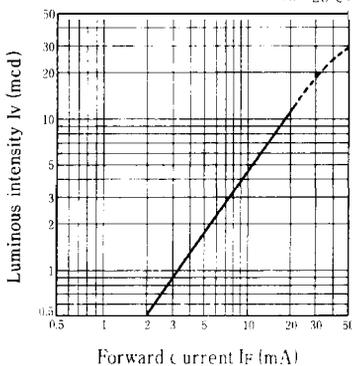
※3 Tolerance: ±30%

■ Characteristics Diagrams

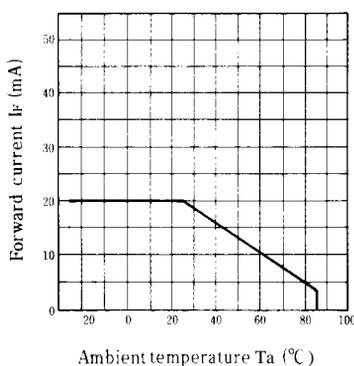
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage (Ta = 25°C)



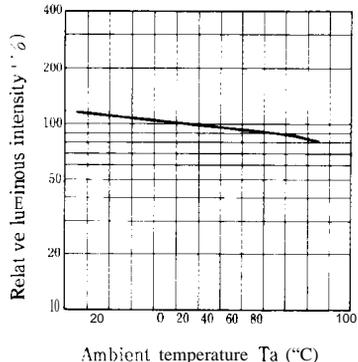
Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current (Ta = 25°C)



Forward Current Derating Curve



Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature (I_F = 1011.11)



Spectrum Distribution (Ta = 25°C)

